2025 Hazard Mitigation Plan

Onondaga County, New York

Town of Lysander Annex



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. HA	AZARD MITIGATION LOCAL PLANNING TEAM	1
2. MU	UNICIPAL PROFILE	1
2.1.	Population	1
2.2.	History and Cultural Resources	2
3. GF	ROWTH/DEVELOPMENT TRENDS	2
3.1.	Changes in Priority	3
4. CA	APABILITY ASSESSMENT	4
4.1.	Planning and Regulatory Capabilities	4
4.2.	Administrative and Technical Capabilities	6
4.3.	Fiscal Capabilities	7
4.4.	Education and Outreach Capabilities	8
4.5.	Community Classifications	9
4.6.	Self-Assessment of Capability	9
4.7.	Needs to Expand/Improve Capabilities	10
5. NA	ATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM	10
5.1.	NFIP Floodplain Administrator	10
5.2.	Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss Property	11
5.3.	Participation Activities	12
5.3	3.1. Regulatory	12
6. HA	AZARD MITIGATION PLAN INTEGRATION	13
6.1.	Existing Plan Integration	13
6.2.	Potential Future Integration	14
7. SIG	GNIFICANT HAZARD PAST EVENTS	15
8. HA	AZARD VULNERABILITY AND IMPACT ASSESSMENT	16
8.1.	Future Major Assets	20
9. CF	RITICAL FACILITIES FLOOD RISK	20
10.	HAZARD RISK RANKING	21
11.	MITIGATION ACTIONS	23
APPEN	NDIX A. HAZARD MAPS	41
APPEN	NDIX B. LETTER OF INTENT	42
APPEN	IDIX C PLAN ADOPTION	43



This Annex details the hazard mitigation elements specific to the Town of Lysander, a participating jurisdiction to the 2025 Onondaga County Hazard Mitigation Plan update. This Annex is not intended to be a standalone document but supplements the information contained in **Volume 1** (**Countywide Planning Elements**). Therefore, all sections of **Volume 1** including the planning process, hazard identification and risk assessment, mitigation strategy (includes mitigation goals and objectives), and plan maintenance apply to and were met by the Town of Lysander. This Annex provides additional information specific to the Town, with a focus on providing additional details on the hazard risk assessment and mitigation strategy (i.e., mitigation actions) for this community.

1. HAZARD MITIGATION LOCAL PLANNING TEAM

The following individuals have been identified as the Town of Lysander Local Planning Team for the 2025 Onondaga County Hazard Mitigation Plan. These individuals participated in all aspects of the planning process and developed a risk and vulnerability assessment, capability assessment, and mitigation strategy (including mitigation actions) specific to the jurisdiction.

Name	Title	Department
Allen Yager	Town Engineer	Office of the Engineer
Kevin Rode	Town Supervisor	Town Board
Jeff Kudarauskas	Deputy Town Supervisor	Town Board

2. MUNICIPAL PROFILE

The Town of Lysander lies along the northwestern border of Onondaga County and has a total area of 64.6 square miles. The Seneca River forms Lysander's southern boundary, and the Oswego River is the Town's eastern boundary line. Cross Lake is located on the western border of the Town and Beaver Lake is located west of the center of the Town. The Oswego, Seneca, and Oneida rivers join at the east of the Town line. The Town of Lysander is bordered on the west by Cayuga County, on the south by the towns of Elbridge, Van Buren, Geddes, and Salina, on the east by the Town of Clay, and by Oswego County on the northeast and north. There are several communities located within the Town – Baird Corners (hamlet), Belgium (hamlet), Cold Springs (hamlet), Jacksonville (hamlet), Jack's Reef (hamlet), Lamson (hamlet), Little Utica (hamlet), Lysander (hamlet), Planville (hamlet), Radisson (hamlet), Red Rock (hamlet), and West Phoenix (hamlet). A portion of the Village of Baldwinsville is located within the Town. *The Village of Baldwinsville has its own annex in this Plan*. The Town of Lysander is governed by a supervisor and four (4) councilors.

2.1. Population

In 2023, the Town of Lysander had a population of 22,977, a 1.4% increase from the estimated 2018 population of 22,661. **Table 1** summarizes population distribution between 2010 and 2023, and the percentage of the 2023 population that is under five (5) years old, over 65 years old, and living below poverty level.



Table 1. Population Trends

Population				Underserved Population			
20101	2018 ²	20233	Population Change (2018 – 2023)	Youth ³ (Under 5 years old)	Elderly ³ (Over 65 years old)	Below Poverty Level ³	
21,250	22,661	22,977	1.4%	4.1%	18.1%	6.9%	

2.2. **History and Cultural Resources**

The Town of Lysander was a township in the Central New York Military Tract, and it was one of the original 11 towns when Onondaga County was formed in 1794. It was first settled by outsiders around 1797. Lysander was later reduced in size by the creation of the Town of Cicero in 1807, and again in 1816 with the formation of Oswego County.

3. GROWTH/DEVELOPMENT TRENDS

Understanding development trends can help evaluate whether the jurisdiction's vulnerability has increased, decreased, or remained the same. Table 2 summarizes the total housing units built in the Town of Lysander between 2019 and 2023.4

Table 2. **Housing Units Built (2019 - 2023)**

Type	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Single-Family Units	49	65	50	44	53
Multi-Family Units	0	0	0	0	0
2-Family Units	0	0	0	0	0
3-Family Units	0	0	0	0	0
Apartment Units	0	0	0	0	0
Total Units	49	65	50	44	53

The Onondaga County Housing Needs Assessment, a component of the County's Comprehensive Plan, explores the County's housing market and its challenges in greater depth and argues that one of the County's greatest housing needs is an improved approach to land use planning. In the Assessment, it is stated that there are similarities and affinities between certain groups of municipalities. Therefore, the County was sub-divided into seven (7) subregions, each of which covers multiple municipalities. The municipalities within each sub-region, share sufficient geographic and market characteristics to be treated as a single place for purposes of further understanding the county housing market.

The Town of Lysander is under the Outer Ring North sub-region. Total household growth in this sub-region between 2000 and 2020 was 19.0% (the average of all the County towns/villages was 12.0%). If demand continues to grow in the County, Outer Ring North is well positioned to capture a share of the growth. Overbuilding of typical single-

¹ United States Census Bureau. (2010). DP05: ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates (2010: 5-Year Estimates Data Profiles). Retrieved from https://data.census.gov/table/ACSDP5Y2010.DP05?g=060XX00US3606744039.

² United States Census Bureau. (2018). DP05: ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates (2018: 5-Year Estimates Data Profiles). Retrieved from https://data.census.gov/table/ACSDP5Y2018.DP05?g=060XX00US3606744039.

³ United States Census Bureau. (2023). QuickFacts: Town of Lysander. Retrieved from https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/lysandertownonondagacountynewyork.

⁴ Data was obtained from the Onondaga County Department of Planning (2024).



family for sale products is a potential threat to market health as household growth tilts in the direction of rental while the growth in owner households comes from smaller and older households. Under a low growth scenario, it is likely that Outer Ring North would see a decrease in the total number of homeowners and a growing number of renter households. Some conversion of owner-occupied houses to rental use would also be likely. Market changes would happen gradually, with strong areas remaining strong for a period of time, and new single-family development would maintain a feeling of growth and success if it occurs. The degree and speed of stagnation, and possible market decline, would be dependent on the amount of typical sprawling ownership housing development in the County. The greater the number of units built for the ownership market, the higher the risk of rental conversion or vacancy of formerly owner-occupied houses.

The opportunity for Outer Ring North is to be early to the project of placemaking in the Route 31 corridor, primarily in Baldwinsville and at the Great Northern Mall site, and delivering new types of housing stocks.

Table 3 summarizes major recent residential/commercial development (in the past five (5) years), and any known or anticipated major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development, as of December 2024, that is likely to occur within hazard prone areas in the next five (5) years.

Table 3. Growth and Development

Property or Development Name	Location	Type (e.g., residential, commercial)	# of Units/ Structures	Known Hazard Zone(s)	Status of Development
Titalife	Recent Develop	ment in the Past	Five (5) Years (2019 – 2024)	
The Town	has not experienced signi	ficant developmen	it in hazard prone	areas over the past five	(5) years.
ŀ	Known or Anticipated 1	Development in 1	the Next Five (5)	Years (2024 – 2029)	
Longview at Radisson	3364 Longview Terrace Baldwinsville, NY 13027	Residential	158	Flood, Earthquake, Geological Hazards	Under Construction
Collington Pointe East	Patchett Road Lysander, NY 13027	Residential	89	Earthquake, Geological Hazards	Under Construction
Whispering Oaks, Section IV	8185 Emerick Road Baldwinsville, NY 13027	Residential	35	Earthquake	Under Construction
Highland Meadows	Highland Meadows Lysander, NY 13027	Residential	107	Earthquake	Under Construction
Melvin Farms	Hayes Road Lysander, NY 13027	Residential	600	Flood, Earthquake	Under Local Review
Drakes Landing Apartments	Drakes Landing Road Lysander, NY 13027	Residential	162	Earthquake	Construction Starting in 2025
Timber Banks (Phase 4)	Tall Tree Lane Lysander, NY 13027	Residential	560	Earthquake	Under Local Review

3.1. Changes in Priority

The overall hazard mitigation priorities have not significantly changed for the Town of Lysander since the last Plan update. However, mitigation actions from the previous Plan were updated, and a more concerted effort on achieving equitable outcomes for all communities, including underserved communities and socially vulnerable populations, has been implemented.



4. CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT

Federal regulations require hazard mitigation plans to identify goals for reducing long-term vulnerabilities to the identified hazards in the planning area (Section 201.6(c)(3)(i)). A critical step in the development of specific hazard mitigation actions and projects is assessing existing authorities, policies, programs, and resources and capabilities to use or modify local tools to reduce losses and vulnerability from profiled hazards.

A capability assessment was conducted for the Town of Lysander's authorities, policies, programs, and resources. Goals and mitigation actions were developed using input from this assessment. Information regarding the Town's implementation of and continued participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) can be found in Section 5 of this Annex.

The Local Planning Team assessed the Town's capabilities that can contribute to the reduction of long-term vulnerabilities to hazards. The capabilities include the following categories:

- Planning and Regulatory Capabilities
- Administrative and Technical Capabilities
- Fiscal Capabilities
- Education and Outreach Capabilities

Additionally, ways to expand on and improve these existing policies and programs to integrate hazard mitigation into the day-to-day activities and programs of the Town were considered.

4.1. Planning and Regulatory Capabilities

Table 4 includes local ordinances, policies, and laws to manage growth and development (e.g., land use plans, capital improvement plans, transportation plans, emergency preparedness and response plans, building codes, and zoning ordinances).

Table 4. Planning and Regulatory Tools

Capability Category	Yes/No	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Department/ Agency	Code Citation and Comments (e.g., Code Chapter, name of plan, explanation of authority, etc.)
		Planning Cap	pability	
Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department	Comprehensive Land Use Plan (2022)
Capital Improvements Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Floodplain Management / Basin Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Local	Town Engineer	Member of the Central New York (CNY) Stormwater Coalition
Open Space Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A



Capability Category	Yes/No	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Department/ Agency	Code Citation and Comments (e.g., Code Chapter, name of plan, explanation of authority, etc.)			
Stream Corridor Management Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Watershed Management or Protection Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Economic Development Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Emergency Operation Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Evacuation Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Transportation Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Strategic Recovery Planning Report	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Climate Adaptation Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Resilience Plan	No	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Regulatory Capability							
Building Code	Yes	State, Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department	Chapter 16 of the New York State Building Code Chapter 114 of the Town Code			
Zoning Ordinance	Yes	Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department	Chapter 320 of the Town Code			
Subdivision Ordinance	Yes	Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department	Chapter 270 of the Town Code			
NFIP Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department	Chapter 151 of the Town Code			
NFIP: Cumulative Substantial Damages	Yes	Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department	Chapter 151 of the Town Code			
NFIP: Freeboard	Yes	State, Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department	Chapter 16 of the New York State Building Code			



Capability Category	Yes/No	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Department/ Agency	Code Citation and Comments (e.g., Code Chapter, name of plan, explanation of authority, etc.)
				State mandated two (2) feet above the BFE for all construction, both residential and non-residential.
Growth Management Ordinances	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Site Plan Review Requirements	Yes	Local	Planning Board	Chapter 320 of the Town Code
Stormwater Management Ordinance	Yes	Local	Codes, Planning, Zoning Department; Town Engineer	Chapter 261 of the Town Code
Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	Yes	State, County, Local	Town Engineer	Permits are required for stormwater discharges from MS4s in urbanized areas and for construction activities disturbing one (1) or more acres. The Town has been automatically designated as a regulated MS4 and required to develop a comprehensive stormwater management program.
Natural Hazard Ordinance	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Post-Disaster Recovery Ordinance	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Disclosure Requirement	Yes	State	New York State Department of State, Real Estate Agent	New York Code – Article 14 §460-467 (Property Condition Disclosure Act)
Other (Special Purpose Ordinances [i.e., sensitive areas, steep slope])	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

4.2. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

The administrative and technical capabilities, listed in **Table 5**, include community (i.e., public and private) staff and their skills and tools, which can be used for mitigation planning and implementation. This capability includes engineers, planners, emergency managers, Geographic Information System (GIS) analysts, building inspectors, grant writers, and floodplain managers. Small communities may rely on other government entities, such as counties or special districts, for resources.



 Table 5.
 Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Capability	Yes/No	Position/Department/Agency				
Administrative Capability						
Planning Board	Yes	Planning Board Zoning Board of Appeals				
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	N/A				
Environmental Board/Commission	No	N/A				
Open Space Board/Committee	No	N/A				
Economic Development Commission/Committee	Yes	Town Supervisor				
Maintenance programs to reduce risk	Yes	Town Engineer				
Mutual aid agreements	Yes	Fire Departments (Baldwinsville, Belgium Cold Springs, Phoenix, Plainville, Seneca River)				
Technic	al/Staffing Cap	pability				
Planner(s) or engineer(s) with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Town Engineer				
Engineer(s) or professional(s) trained in construction practices related to buildings and/or infrastructure	Yes	Town Engineer				
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Town Engineer				
NFIP Floodplain Administrator	Yes	Code Enforcement Officer, Codes, Planning, Zoning Department				
Surveyor(s)	No	N/A				
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS applications	No	N/A				
Scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	N/A				
Warning systems/services	Yes	Onondaga County Emergency Communications (911)				
Emergency Manager	No	N/A				
Grant writer(s)	No	N/A				
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	Yes	Town Engineer				
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Town Engineer				

4.3. Fiscal Capabilities

Table 6 contains a list of fiscal capabilities available to the Town that may be used to implement mitigation activities to reduce risk and enhance resiliency. This capability includes available funding sources from local budgets, state and federal grants, potential cost-sharing arrangements with private entities, existing insurance policies, and the ability to generate additional revenue through fees and bonds related to mitigation.



Table 6. Fiscal Capabilities

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Federal Hazard Mitigation Assistance Program (i.e., Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), HMGP Post Fire, Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC), Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) Program)	Yes
Capital Improvements Project Funding	Yes
Authority to Levy Taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes
Stormwater Utility Fee	Yes
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state funding programs	Yes
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No

4.4. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Table 7 lists the Town's education and public outreach capabilities that can be used to inform residents about potential hazards, educate on mitigation strategies, and encourage proactive actions to reduce the community's impacts to disasters. These capabilities include fire safety programs, hazard awareness campaigns, public information, and communications offices.

Table 7. Education and Outreach Resources

Resource	Yes/No	Position/Department/Agency
Public Information Officer	No	N/A
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	No	N/A
Hazard mitigation information available on the jurisdiction's website	Yes	Town Clerk's Office
Utilize social media for hazard mitigation education	No	N/A
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	No	N/A
Other programs already in place that could be used to communicate hazard-related information	No	N/A
An established warning system for hazard events	Yes	Onondaga County Emergency Communications (911)



4.5. Community Classifications

The community classification relates to the community's ability to provide effective services to lessen its vulnerability to the hazards identified. These classifications can be viewed as a gauge of the community's capabilities in all phases of emergency management (i.e., preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation) and are used as an underwriting parameter for determining the costs of various forms of insurance. **Table 8** summarizes classifications for community programs available to the Town of Lysander.

Table 8.	Community Classifications
----------	---------------------------

Program	Yes/No	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	N/A	N/A
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	N/A	N/A
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	No	N/A	N/A
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Climate Smart Community	No	N/A	N/A
Storm Ready Certification	No	N/A	N/A
Firewise Communities classification	No	N/A	N/A
Natural disaster/safety programs in/for schools	No	N/A	N/A
Organizations with mitigation focus (advocacy group, non-government)	No	N/A	N/A
Public private partnership initiatives addressing disaster-related issues	No	N/A	N/A

4.6. Self-Assessment of Capability

The community classification relates to the community's ability to provide effective services to lessen its vulnerability to the hazards identified. These classifications can be viewed as an indicator of the community's capabilities in all phases of emergency management (i.e., preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation) and are used as an underwriting parameter for determining the costs of various forms of insurance. **Table 9** summarizes classifications for community programs available to the Town of Lysander.

Table 9. Self-Assessment Capability for the Municipality

	Degree of Hazard Mitigation Capability			
Capability Area	Limited (If limited, what are your obstacles?)	Moderate	High	
Planning and Regulatory Capabilities	X (Limited Staff)			
Administrative and Technical Capabilities	X (Limited Staff)			
Fiscal Capabilities	X (Limited Staff)			
Education and Outreach Capabilities	X (Limited Staff)			
Community Political Capabilities	X			



	Degree of Hazard Mitigation Capability			
Capability Area	Limited (If limited, what are your obstacles?)	Moderate	High	
	(Limited Staff)			
Community Resiliency Capabilities	X (Limited Staff)			
Capability to integrate mitigation into	X			
municipal processes and activities	(Limited Staff)			

4.7. Needs to Expand/Improve Capabilities

Based on the capability self-assessment in Section 4.6, the Town of Lysander identified existing authorities, policies, programs, funding, and/or resources that need to be expanded and/or improved in order to support the implementation of the hazard mitigation initiatives identified in this Plan (e.g., mitigation actions).

- In order to increase the Town's capability to apply for hazard mitigation grants and fund the local match for hazard mitigation grants, the Town needs to expand its grant writing capabilities by potentially hiring more grant writers.
- Town codes and ordinances (e.g., building, zoning, protecting steep slopes, wetlands) should be reviewed based on developing trends in identified hazards and mitigation measures that can make them more effective at preventing losses.

5. NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

The Town of Lysander is a member of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) but has chosen to not participate in the NFIP Community Rating System (CRS) Program. The Town is in good standing with the NFIP through adoption and enforcement of floodplain management requirements (e.g., regulating all new and substantially improved construction in Special Hazard Flood Areas), floodplain identification and mapping, and flood insurance outreach to the community. The Town's NFIP participation information is listed in **Table 10**.

Table 10. NFIP Participation Information

CID	NFIP Participation Date	Current Effective FIRM Date	CRS Entry Date	CRS Current Effective Date	CRS Rating
360583	12/13/1974	11/4/2016	N/A	N/A	N/A

5.1. NFIP Floodplain Administrator

All NFIP participating jurisdictions have a designated Floodplain Administrator that is charged with enforcing floodplain regulations, routinely monitoring the floodplains, and providing community assistance such as encouraging owners to maintain flood insurance. The Town of Lysander Floodplain Administrator information is listed in **Table 11**.

Table 11. Floodplain Administrator

Name	Title	Title Department	
Timothy Wolsey	Code Enforcement Officer	Codes, Planning, Zoning	(315) 638-1210



5.2. Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss Property

FEMA defines a Repetitive Loss property as an NFIP-insured property meeting at least one (1) of the following paid loss criteria since 1978, regardless of any changes in ownership:

- Four (4) or more separate claims payments greater than \$5,000 each (including building and contents payment).
- Two (2) or more separate flood insurance claims payments (building payments only), where the total of the payments is greater than the property's current value.

Additionally, to receive a designation, at least two (2) of the claim payments must occur within 10 years of one another.⁵

A Severe Repetitive Loss property is defined by FEMA as any NFIP-insured single-family or multi-family residential building meeting at least one (1) of the following paid loss criteria since 1978 or from building constructed after 1978, regardless of any changes in ownership:⁶

- That has incurred flood-related damage for which four (4) or more separate claims payments have been made, with the amount of each claim (including building and contents payments) exceeding \$5,000, and with the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeding \$20,000.
- For which at least two (2) separate claims payments (building payments only) have been made under such coverage, with the cumulative amount of such claims exceeding the market value of the building.

Table 12 summarizes FEMA Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss properties within the Town of Lysander.

Table 12. Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Repetitive Loss Properties		Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	
Total Occupancy		Total	Occupancy
4	3 Single Family 1 Single-Family Residential Building	0	

Occupancy Type: Single Family = Single family residence • Two (2)-Four (4) Unit Residential Building = Two (2)-four (4) unit residential building • More Than Four (4) Units Residential Building = Residential building with more than four (4) units • Non-Residential Building = Non-residential building with the exception of a mobile home or a single residential unit within a multi-unit building • Residential (2, 3, or 4 units) Non-Condo Building = Residential non-condo building with two (2), three (3), or four (4) units seeking insurance on all units • Residential (5 or more units) Non-Condo Building = Residential non-condo building with 5 or more units seeking insurance on all units • Residential Mobile/Manufactured Home = Residential mobile/manufactured home • Residential Condo Association = Residential condo association seeking coverage on a building with one (1) or more units • Single Residential Unit = Single residential unit within a multi-unit building • Non-Residential Unit = Non-residential unit within a multi-unit building

Table 13 summarizes the NFIP active policies and coverage in force data for the Town of Lysander.

Hazard Mitigation Plan – Onondaga County, New York 2025 DRAFT

⁵ Federal Emergency Management Agency, National Flood Insurance Program. (2023). A Policyholder's Guide to Severe Repetitive Loss. Retrieved from https://agents.floodsmart.gov/sites/default/files/fema_nfip-policyholders-guide-severe-repetitive-loss brochure 07-2023.pdf.

⁶ Federal Emergency Management Agency, National Flood Insurance Program. (2021). National Flood Insurance Program: Flood Insurance Manual. Retrieved from https://www.fema.gov/sites/default/files/documents/fema_nfip-all-flood-insurance-manual-apr-2021.pdf.



Table 13. NFIP Policies

NFIP Policies	Insurance in Force	Total Claims Paid	Sum of Claims Paid
56	\$59,633	44	\$819,916

5.3. Participation Activities

The Town of Lysander NFIP participation over the last five (5) years includes the following:

- Provides the following services permit review, GIS, inspections, and engineering capability.
- Enforces local floodplain regulations and monitors compliance.
- Floodplain management regulations meet or exceed FEMA or State minimum requirements.

5.3.1. Regulatory

Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance

The Town of Lysander's Flood Damage Prevention Chapter (Chapter 151 of the Town Code) was adopted to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas by provisions designed to:

- Regulate uses which are dangerous to health, safety and property due to water or erosion hazards, or which result in damaging increases in erosion or in flood heights or velocities.
- Require that uses vulnerable to floods, including facilities which serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction.
- Control the alteration of natural floodplains, stream channels, and natural protective barriers which are involved in the accommodation of floodwaters.
- Control filling, grading, dredging and other development which may increase erosion or flood damages.
- Regulate the construction of flood barriers which will unnaturally divert floodwaters or which may increase flood hazards to other lands.
- Qualify for and maintain participation in the NFIP.

The objectives of this Chapter are to:

- Protect human life and health.
- Minimize expenditure of public money for costly flood control projects.
- Minimize the need for rescue and relief efforts associated with flooding and generally undertaken at the expense of the general public.
- Minimize prolonged business interruptions.
- Minimize damage to public facilities and utilities, such as water and gas mains, electric, telephone, and sewer lines, streets and bridges located in areas of special flood hazard.
- Help maintain a stable tax base by providing for the sound use and development of areas of special flood hazard so as to minimize future flood blight areas.



- Provide that developers are notified that property is in an area of special flood hazard.
- Ensure that those who occupy the areas of special flood hazard assume responsibility for their actions.

Substantial Damage

Substantial damage means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before damaged condition would equal or exceed 50% of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. (Chapter 151 of the Town Code)

Substantial Improvement

Substantial improvement means any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure before the "start of construction" of the improvement. Substantial improvement also means "cumulative substantial improvement". The term includes structures which have incurred "substantial damage," regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either:

- A. Any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions; or
- B. Any alteration of an "historic structure," provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as an "historic structure." (Chapter 151 of the Town Code)

Cumulative Substantial Improvement

Cumulative substantial improvement means any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure that equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure at the time of the improvement or repair when counted cumulatively for 10 years. " (Chapter 151 of the Town Code)

There are other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g., site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements.

6. HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN INTEGRATION

In order for a community to successfully reduce long term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day planning mechanisms and initiatives. Plan integration is the process by which communities critically assess the existing planning framework and align efforts with the goal of reducing long term risks and building a more resilient community. It involves a two (2) way exchange of information and incorporation of ideas and concepts between hazard mitigation plans and other community plans. In particular, plan integration involves the incorporation of hazard mitigation principles and actions into other plans, and planning mechanisms into hazard mitigation plans. Plan integration involves community plans, policies, codes, and programs that guide development, roles, and responsibilities in implementing these capabilities. Additionally, plan integration is achieved through the involvement of key staff and community officials in collaborative hazard mitigation planning.

6.1. Existing Plan Integration

A hazard mitigation plan must explain how the jurisdiction incorporated the previous Plan update over the last five (5) years to demonstrate progress in local mitigation efforts. In the performance period since the adoption of the previous Hazard Mitigation Plan, the Town of Lysander made progress on integrating components of the hazard mitigation strategy (e.g., goals, objectives, and actions) into planning initiatives and mechanisms. **Table 14**



highlights the planning mechanisms/initiatives where the previous Plan was integrated and what information was integrated.

Table 14. Current Plan Integration

Planning Initiative	Current Integration Description
Comprehensive Plan	The Town's Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP), updated in 2022, integrates natural hazard risk information from the hazard mitigation plan, but does not refer to the County's Hazard Mitigation Plan.
Stormwater Management Program	The Town of Lysander is a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) regulation community with a formal Stormwater Management Program. The Stormwater Management Program implements hazards mitigation through public education and outreach, construction site erosion control, public participation and involvement, post construction stormwater management, illicit discharge detection and elimination, pollution prevention and good housekeeping.
Ordinances	The Town has multiple local ordinances pertaining to the mitigation of hazards. These ordinances include the establishment of the Planning Board and the Zoning Board of Appeals, Building Ordinance (Chapter 114 of the Town Code), Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance (Chapter 151 of the Town Code), Stormwater Management Ordinance (Chapter 261 of the Town Code), Zoning Ordinance (Chapter 320 of the Town Code), Environmental Quality Review Ordinance (Chapter 137 of the Town Code), and the Subdivision Regulations (Chapter 270 of the Town Code). The Town's zoning, subdivision regulations, and site plan review process consider natural hazard risk and require developers to take additional actions to mitigate natural hazard risk.
Public Outreach	The Town's website provides information related to safety and hazard mitigation including local emergency response contact information, current project information relating, stormwater management regulations, and links to related ordinances. Furthermore, the Town conducts public outreach for residents and businesses to inform about natural hazards and promote the importance of natural hazard risk reduction through hazard mitigation planning. <i>Refer to mitigation action TLY-1</i> .
Retrofitting/Removal of Structures from Hazard Prone Areas	The Town supports the retrofitting, purchase, or relocation of structures located in hazard prone areas to protect structures from future damage, with repetitive loss and severe repetitive loss properties as priority. The Town works to identify facilities that are viable candidates for each strategy based on cost-effectiveness. The implementation of these hazard mitigation actions is based on available funding. <i>Refer to mitigation action TLY-2</i> .

6.2. Potential Future Integration

A hazard mitigation plan must explain how the jurisdiction intends to incorporate this Plan update into planning mechanisms over the next five (5) years. The capability assessment presented in Section 4 of this Annex identifies codes, plans, and programs that provide opportunities for integration. **Table 15** outlines planning mechanisms/initiatives that do not currently integrate goals and recommendations of this Plan but provide opportunities to do so in the future.

Table 15. Potential Future Integration

Planning Initiative	Potential Integration Description
Comprehensive Plan	The Hazard Mitigation Plan will be integrated in the next update of the CLUP, which is scheduled for 2026. Hazard mitigation goals will be aligned with the vision of the CLUP and hazard risk information on earthquakes, wildfires, and geological hazards will be included.



Planning Initiative	Potential Integration Description		
Local Budget	The Town could include a line item for mitigation projects/activities into the municipal budget.		
Public Outreach	The Town could expand information available in the Town's website to include additional information and climate change impacts on the natural hazards outlined in this Plan.		
Capital Improvement Plan	The Town could ensure consistency between this Hazard Mitigation Plan and future updates of the Capital Improvement Plan. The Hazard Mitigation Plan may identify new possible funding sources for capital improvement projects and may result in modifications to proposed projects based on results of the risk assessment.		
Ordinances	Hazard mitigation could be integrated into future updates of the zoning, building, and subdivision ordinances to inform appropriate use of property within the Town. Portions of this Hazard Mitigation Plan should be reviewed to consider any future improvements to the codes, if appropriate.		

The Town's Local Planning Team will identify all relevant planning initiatives that are scheduled to be updated in the next year and during the annual update process of the Hazard Mitigation Plan. Additionally, opportunities to integrate key elements of the Hazard Mitigation Plan, specifically any relevant strategies, into the planning initiatives will be identified by the Local Planning Team. Mitigation actions were identified to promote plan integration in future revisions of this Plan.

7. SIGNIFICANT HAZARD PAST EVENTS

A complete risk assessment, including past incidents, for each identified hazard of concern can be found in **Volume 1** of this Plan. A summary of past events is provided under each hazard profiles and includes a chronology of events that have affected the County and its municipalities. **Table 16** provides information on significant hazard events that uniquely impacted the Town of Lysander.

Table 16. Hazard Event History

Date	Event Type (Disaster Declaration, if applicable)	Description
August 7, 2023	Flood, Severe Weather	Thunderstorms developed ahead of a slow moving cold front tracking through western and central New York during the afternoon and evening of August 7 th . Numerous thunderstorm complexes moved over the same locations in the region. The Town of Lysander recorded approximately 7.5 inches of rainfall in less than three (3) hours which resulted in flash flooding throughout the Town.
July 1, 2017	Flood	A tropical moisture laden air mass produced numerous showers and thunderstorms which traveled repeatedly over the same areas of the Finger Lakes Region and Upper Mohawk Valley. Widespread flash and urban flooding developed in portions of Cayuga, Onondaga, Madison and Oneida counties. The hardest hit areas were the villages and towns of Moravia, Chittenango, Oneida, and Utica. Total rainfall amounts along a narrow corridor from Moravia to Utica generally ranged from 2.5 to five (5) inches, most of which fell in less than two (2) hours. Total damages from this event range between \$10 and \$15 Million countywide. The Town had multiple downed trees that were blocking roadways, and a stormwater culvert was blocked with debris which resulted in flooding at a residence in the Radisson community.



Date	Event Type (Disaster Declaration, if applicable)	Description		
May 26, 2011	Severe Weather	On May 26th, a deep upper level low pressure system shifted east from the mid-Mississippi Valley region through the afternoon and evening, producing numerous showers and thunderstorms. Many reports of large hail and strong winds/damaging winds occurred in central New York. The Town had multiple downed trees that were blocking roadways.		
April 25, 2011	Flood, Severe Weather (DR-1193)	A slow moving warm front moved northward across central New York late in the afternoon on April 25 th producing severe weather in the region. There were reports of severe thunderstorms with strong winds/damaging winds, hail, and tornadoes. Additionally, these storms produced heavy rainfall which caused flash flooding in several locations throughout central New York. The Town had multiple downed trees that were blocking roadways, and a road culvert washed out.		

8. HAZARD VULNERABILITY AND IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Exposure and vulnerability to certain hazards affect the entire County and others are geographically defined. Although the entire County may be vulnerable to these hazards, their impacts may vary based on existing community conditions (e.g., underserved, or functional access needs populations may be more susceptible based on certain conditions, vulnerabilities, or needs).

Table 17 outlines the *unique vulnerabilities and impacts* for the Town of Lysander and only addresses the hazards that are relevant and unique to the jurisdiction. A complete risk assessment for each identified hazard of concern is in **Volume 1** of this Plan. Hazard mapping can be found in **Appendix A** of this Annex.

Table 17. Hazard Vulnerability and Impact Assessment

Hazard	Vulnerabilities and Impacts		
Drought	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to drought; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.		
Earthquake	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to earthquake events; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.		
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to heat wave/extreme heat events; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.		
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	The Timber Banks Sanitary Sewer Lift Station, located at 3536 Timber Banks Parkway, has experienced flash flooding which damaged the lift station's control panel and emergency generator resulting in sanitary sewer overflow to the Seneca River. The lift station control panel and emergency generator have to be elevated above the road elevation to mitigate against damage during heavy rainfall events.		



Hazard	Vulnerabilities and Impacts			
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to geological hazards; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.			
Harmful Algal Bloom	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to harmful algal blooms; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.			
Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	The Town is surrounded by the Seneca River and Cross Lake to the south and the west, and the Oswego River to the east. The abundant growth of water chestnut makes the entire shoreline unnavigable for boating and unsuitable for shoreline recreation.			
Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm)	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to severe weather; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.			
Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold, nor'easter)	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to winter weather; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.			
Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	The Local Planning Team determined that the Town does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to wildfire; rather, the jurisdiction's vulnerability and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.			

The Town evaluated whether vulnerability in hazard prone areas had increased, decreased, or remained the same for each natural hazard identified in this Hazard Mitigation Plan. Climate change, changes in population, infrastructure expansion, and economic shifts that can affect vulnerability were considered. For example, if planned development is in an identified hazard areas or is not built to the updated building codes, it may increase the community's vulnerability to future hazards and disasters. On the other hand, if development occurred with mitigation practices in place, the vulnerability may have remained the same or decreased. Additionally, shifting demographics (e.g., underserved population) were taken into consideration.

Table 18 outlines whether climate change has increased or decreased the Town's vulnerability (i.e., exposure) and impact to each natural hazard over the past five (5) years, and the effect of climate change in the future probability of occurrence and impacts from each natural hazard.

Table 18. Climate Change Current and Future Vulnerability and Impact

Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact					
Current Vulnerability and Impact						
Drought	Increased					
Earthquake	Remained the Same					
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	Increased					
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	Increased					
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	Remained the Same					
Harmful Algal Bloom	Remained the Same					
Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	Increased					



Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact		
Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm)	Decreased		
Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold, nor'easter)	Decreased		
Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	Remained the Same		
Future Vulneral	bility and Impact		
Drought	Increase		
Earthquake	No Change Anticipated		
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	Increase		
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	Increase		
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	No Change Anticipated		
Harmful Algal Bloom	Increase		
Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	Increase		
Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm)	Increase		
Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold, nor'easter)	Increase		
Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	No Change Anticipated		

Table 19 outlines if changes in population within the Town over the past five (5) years have increased or decreased the vulnerability (i.e., exposure) and impact to these natural hazards, and the anticipated effects changes in population may have on the future probability of occurrence and impacts from these natural hazards.

Table 19. Changes in Population Current and Future Vulnerability and Impact

Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact					
Current Vulnerability and Impact						
Drought	Increased					
Earthquake	Remained the Same					
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	Increased					
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	Increased					
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	Remained the Same					
Harmful Algal Bloom	Increased					
Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	Increased					
Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm)	Increased					
Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold, nor'easter)	Remained the Same					
Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	Remained the Same					
Future Vulnerability and Impact						
Drought	Increase					
Earthquake	No Change Anticipated					



Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact		
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	Increase		
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	Increase		
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	No Change Anticipated		
Harmful Algal Bloom	Increase		
Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	Increase		
Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm)	Increase		
Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold, nor'easter)	No Change Anticipated		
Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	No Change Anticipated		

Table 20 outlines if development over the past five (5) years has increased or decreased the Town's vulnerability (i.e., exposure) and impact to these natural hazards, and the anticipated effects changes in development may have on the future probability of occurrence and impacts from these natural hazards.

Table 20. Changes in Development Current and Future Vulnerability and Impact

Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact					
Current Vulnerability and Impact						
Drought	Increased					
Earthquake	Remained the Same					
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	Increased					
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	Increased					
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	Remained the same					
Harmful Algal Bloom	Increased					
Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	Increased					
Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm)	Increased					
Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold, nor'easter)	Remained the Same					
Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	Remained the Same					
Future Vulnerati	bility and Impact					
Drought	Increase					
Earthquake	No Change Anticipated					
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	Increase					
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	Increase					
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	No Change Anticipated					
Harmful Algal Bloom	Increase					
Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	Increase					



Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact		
Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm)	Increase		
Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold, nor'easter)	Increase		
Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	No Change Anticipated		

8.1. Future Major Assets

Community assets should include anything that is important to the character and function of a community. Assets include people (i.e., underserved population); structures (i.e., new and existing buildings); community lifelines and other critical facilities; natural, historic, and cultural resources; and the economy and other activities that have value to the community. Although all assets may be affected by the hazards identified in this Hazard Mitigation Plan, the jurisdiction identified future major assets that may be more vulnerable and impacted by these hazards.

• An increase in multi-family housing units is anticipated due to the increase in industrial development in Onondaga County. As a result, it is anticipated that the population within the Town will increase exposing more people to the impacts of the natural hazards in this Plan, but in particular to heat wave/extreme heat, sever weather, and winter weather. However, any new assets (e.g., new construction in hazard prone areas) will be constructed to adhere to the latest building codes and standards, and mitigation to protect them from identified and anticipated hazards, especially those that are expected to increase due to climate change.

9. CRITICAL FACILITIES FLOOD RISK

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Title 6, Chapter V, Subchapter A, Part 502 sets forth local floodplain management criteria for State projects located within flood hazard areas. The law states that no such projects related to critical facilities shall be undertaken in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) unless built according to certain mitigation specifications, including being raised two (2) feet above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE). While all vulnerabilities should be assessed and documented, the State places a high priority on exposure to flooding.

Jurisdictions must identify all critical facilities, assess their vulnerabilities, and evaluate and ensure they are protected to a 0.2% chance (500-year) flood event. Critical facilities that are located in an SFHA and/or have been previously flooded, must be protected against a repeat of that flood or to the 0.2% chance flood event, which ever provides the greater protection. The Plan must document those critical facilities are protected to a 0.2% flood event, or previous worst case flood event. For those that do not meet this level of protection, the Plan must include a mitigation action to meet or go beyond this criterion or explain why it is not feasible to do so.⁸

Table 21 identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 100-year and 500-year floodplain.

Hazard Mitigation Plan – Onondaga County, New York 2025 DRAFT

⁷ New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. (n.d.). Chapter V – Resource Management Services. Retrieved from https://dec.ny.gov/regulatory/regulatory/regulators/chapter-v.

⁸ New York State Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Services. (2022). 2022 New York State Hazard Mitigation Planning Standards. Retrieved from https://www.dhses.ny.gov/system/files/documents/2023/11/2022-nys-mitigation-planning-standards-final.pdf



		Exposure		Potential 100-Year F	Addressed by	
Name	Туре	100- Year	500- Year	% Structure Damage	% Content Damage	Proposed Action
Phoenix Lock & Dam No. 1	Dam	X	X	-	-	TLY-12
Seneca River Fire Station	Fire Station	X	X	11.1%	40%	TLY-13
Baldwinsville Sewage Treatment Plan (owned by Onondaga County Department of Water Environment Protection)	Wastewater Treatment Plant		X	-	-	N/A
OD-1763	Well	X	X	21.9%	-	TLY-14
OD-735	Well	X	X	0.8%	-	TLY-15

Table 21. Potential Flood Losses to Critical Facilities

10. HAZARD RISK RANKING

Table 22 presents the local hazard ranking for the Town of Lysander of all hazards of concern listed in **Volume 1** of this Plan. This ranking summarizes how hazards vary for this jurisdiction. As thoroughly described in **Volume 1** of this Plan, the ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard, along with its potential impacts on people, property, and the economy. For further details on how the probability, extent, vulnerability, and impact factors in **Table 22** were calculated, please refer to Section 4.3 in **Volume 1** of this Plan.

It is important to note that the sub hazards for severe weather (i.e., strong winds/damaging winds, severe thunderstorms, tropical storm/hurricane, hail, and tornado), geological hazards (i.e., landslide, land subsidence, and mudboils), flood (i.e., riverine/creek flooding and ice jam, and urban/flash flooding), and winter weather (i.e., blizzards, lake effect snow, nor'easter, and ice storm, and cold wave/extreme cold) were individually ranked in the hazard risk ranking; however, severe weather, geological hazards, flood, and winter weather are each considered as the main hazard throughout this Annex and **Volume 1**.

Table 22. Town of Lysander Hazard Risk Ranking

Hazard Event	Probability Factor	Sum of Weighted <u>Extent</u> Factors	Sum of Weighted <u>Vulnerability</u> Factors	Sum of Weighted <u>Impact</u> Factors	Consequence Score	Total Risk Score (Probability x Consequence)
Flood (Riverine/Creek, Ice Jam)	3	12	11	29	52	73
Flood (Urban/Flash Flood)	3	9	11	29	49	70
Winter Weather (Blizzards, Lake Effect Snow, Nor'easter, Ice Storm)	3	12	14	21	47	67
Severe Thunderstorm (Severe Weather)	3	12	16	14	42	61



Hazard Event	Probability Factor	Sum of Weighted <u>Extent</u> Factors	Sum of Weighted <u>Vulnerability</u> Factors	Sum of Weighted <u>Impact</u> Factors	Consequence Score	Total Risk Score (Probability x Consequence)
Strong Winds/ Damaging Winds (Severe Weather)	3	12	11	16	39	57
Invasive Species and Infestation	3	9	6	18	33	50
Cold Wave/Extreme Cold (Winter Weather)	2	12	14	21	47	48
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	2	9	11	19	39	41
Drought	2	12	12	13	37	39
Harmful Algal Bloom	2	9	7	20	36	38
Tropical Storm/Hurricane (Severe Weather)	1	9	16	24	49	27
Dam and Levee Failure (Flood)	1	12	6	27	45	25
Hail (Severe Weather)	1	6	16	14	36	21
Earthquake	1	6	16	12	34	20
Tornado (Severe Weather)	1	6	6	22	34	20
Land Subsidence (Geological Hazards)	1	6	6	14	26	16
Landslide (Geological Hazards)	1	6	6	14	26	16
Mudboils (Geological Hazards)	1	3	6	12	21	13
Wildfire (Wildfire Smoke)	1	3	6	11	20	13

Consequence: Sum of <u>all</u> weighted factors.

Extent: Sum of the weighted <u>Extent</u> factors.

Vulnerability: Sum of the weighted <u>Vulnerability</u> factors.

High (H)

Impact: Sum of the weighted Impact factors.

Total Risk Score* = Probability x Consequence

* Normalized to 100

27 - 39

51 - 75

	Total Risk Score Legend												
Classification	Probability Factor	Extent	Vulnerability	Impact	Consequence Score	Total Risk Score							
Low (L)	1	0 – 6	0 – 6	0 – 12	0 – 24	0 – 24							
Medium (M)	2	7 – 12	7 – 12	13 – 26	25 – 50	25 – 54							

The legend—specifically the assignment of low, medium, and high—provides an additional means to qualitatively assess the probability factor, sum of weighted factors, and the total risk scores for each hazard. The Consequence Score represents the sum of the Extent, Vulnerability, and Impact Factors. The Total Risk Score is a measure of Probability and Consequence.

13 - 18

13 - 18

55 and above



11. MITIGATION ACTIONS

This section includes the mitigation actions that were developed to address identified risks and vulnerabilities to hazards identified in this Plan. This Plan serves only to recommend mitigation measures based on the potential for risk reduction and available funding. Implementation of mitigation actions is dependent on risk reduction priorities, feasibility, and available funding. It is also dependent on the cooperation and support of the jurisdiction and/or department responsible for each action item. Additionally, all mitigation actions identified in the 2019 update or before were updated accordingly. Any new mitigation actions are listed as *New* (under Project Status).

The Town of Lysander agreed upon 15 mitigation actions that apply to the jurisdiction's properties where they have jurisdictional responsibility and authority. Two (2) mitigation actions were completed. A summary of the Town's mitigation actions status is listed in **Table 23**.

Table 23. Town of Lysander Mitigation Action Summary

Status		Mitigation Action Total				
Continuous		6				
In Progress/Not Yet Completed		0				
No Progress/Not Yet Started		8				
New		1				
	TOTAL	15				
Complete		2				
Discontinued		0				
Mitigat	tion Acti	ons per Hazard				
Drought	5	Harmful Algal Bloom	5			
Earthquake	5	Invasive Species and Infestation (Emerald Ash Borer, Hemlock Woolly Adelgid, True Armyworm, Common Reed (Phragmites), Eurasian Watermilfoil, Water Chestnut, Tick-Borne Diseases, Mosquito-Borne Diseases)	7			
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat	5	Severe Weather (severe thunderstorms – hail, strong winds/damaging winds, tornadoes, hurricane/tropical storm, nor easter)				
Flood (riverine, flash/urban, ice jam, dam and levee failure)	13	Winter Weather (blizzards, heavy snow, ice storms, cold wave/extreme cold)	5			
Geological Hazards (landslides, land subsidence, mudboils)	5	Wildfire (wildfire smoke)	5			

A detailed explanation of the Mitigation Strategy can be found in Section 5 of Volume 1.



	Conduct and following to	facilitate compromote and e	nunity and public education	n and ou	treach for residents a	nd businesses to include, but 1	not be limited to, the					
			ain links to the Onondaga Coing the Onondaga County			n website, and regularly post ages.	notices on the municipal					
Mitigation Action	avai		gation grant funding to mit			rners and neighborhood associ tructing them on how they car						
		 Use the Town's e-mail notification systems and newsletters to better educate the public on flood insurance, the availability of mitigation grant funding, and personal natural hazard risk reduction measures. 										
		• Work with neighborhood associations, civic and business groups to disseminate information on flood insurance and the availability of mitigation grant funding.										
Action Number	TL	TLY-1 Goal(s) Addressed 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Prioritization Score 15/15										
Year Added to Plan	20	13	Timeline (estimated)		Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High					
Hazard(s)) Mitigated					d, Geological Hazards, Harmt Veather, Winter Weather, Wil						
Projec	t Status		Continuous	If Dis	Discontinued, provide reason. N/A							
	nefits Avoided)			•	L	ow						
Lead Agency / Orga	nnization	Zoning D	vsander Codes, Planning, Department (Floodplain Administrator)	Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable) Onondaga County Department		partment of Planning						
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap)	N/Δ											
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Fund Source	ling		General Fund (Staff Tim	ne)					
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Det (optional)	ails								



Mitigation Action		Where appropriate, support retrofitting or relocation of structures in high hazard areas, prioritizing structures that have experienced epetitive losses.										
Action Number	TL	Y-2	Goal(s) Addressed		2, 3, 6	Prioritization Score	13/15					
Year Added to Plan	20	13	Timeline (estimated)		Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High					
Hazard(s)	Mitigated		Drought, Earthquake, Heat Wave/Extreme Heat, Flood, Geological Hazards, Harmful Algal Bloom Species and Infestation, Severe Weather, Winter Weather, Wildfire									
Projec	t Status		Continuous	If Dis	scontinued, provide reason.	'A						
20.	refits Avoided)		High									
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Zoning D	sander Codes, Planning, epartment (Floodplain Administrator) Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)			N/A						
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap					N/A							
Estimated Co	ost	High	h Potential Funding General Fund (Staff Time)									
Critical Facility (Critical Facility)		No	Additional Det (optional)	ails	effectiveness versus	nat are viable candidates for reserving relocation. Where retrofitting the implementation of that a	ng is determined to be a					



Mitigation Action		Participate in the Community Rating System (CRS) to further manage flood risk and reduce flood insurance premiums for National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) policyholders within the Town of Lysander.									
Action Number	TL	Y-3	Goal(s) Addressed 1, 2, 3, 6		1, 2, 3, 6	Prioritization Score	15/15				
Year Added to Plan	20	13	Timeline (estimated)		2 Years	Implementation Priority	High				
Hazard(s)	Mitigated				Flood, Sev	ere Weather					
Projec	t Status		No Progress/Not Yet Started	If Di.	scontinued, provide reason. N/A						
201	n efits Avoided)		High								
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Zoning D	rsander Codes, Planning, epartment (Floodplain Administrator)	Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)		N/A					
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap.					N/A						
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Funding Source General Fund (Staff Time)								
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Det	ails							



Mitigation Action		Actively support and participate in the implementation, monitoring, maintenance, and updating of this Hazard Mitigation Plan, as outlined, nd defined in Volume 1.										
Action Number	TL	Y-4	Goal(s) Addressed		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Prioritization Score	15/15					
Year Added to Plan	20	13	Timeline (estimated)		Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High					
Hazard(s)) Mitigated	d, Geological Hazards, Harm Veather, Winter Weather, Wi										
Projec	t Status		Continuous	If Di.	scontinued, provide reason.	N/A						
201	nefits Avoided)		High									
Lead Agency / Orga	nnization	Town of L	Supporting Agenc Organization (If applicable)			N	/A					
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap)					N/A							
Estimated Co	ost	Low	W Potential Funding General Fund (Staff Time)									
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Details (optional)									



Mitigation Action	enforcement • Enfo Floo • Part	Flood Areas). • Participate in floodplain identification and mapping updates.										
Action Number	TL	CLY-5 Goal(s) Addressed 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Prioritization Score 15/15										
Year Added to Plan	20	13		Timeline (estimated)		Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High				
Hazard(s)	Mitigated	Mitigated Flood, Severe Weather										
Projec	t Status			Continuous	If Dis	ccontinued, provide reason.	N	'A				
	n efits Avoided)					Med	dium					
Lead Agency / Orga	nnization	Zoning D	epartn	vsander Codes, Planning, Department (Floodplain Administrator) Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)		rganization	N/A					
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap.			N/A									
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Funding Source General Fund (Staff Time)									
Critical Facili (Critical Facility located in 19		No		Additional Deta	ails							



Mitigation Action	Develop, enh	Develop, enhance, and implement existing Town emergency plans.										
Action Number	TL	Y-6	Goal(s) Addressed		1, 5, 6	Prioritization Score	15/15					
Year Added to Plan	20	13	Timeline (estimated)		Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High					
Hazard(s)) Mitigated	d, Geological Hazards, Harm Veather, Winter Weather, Wi										
Projec	t Status		Continuous	If Dis	If Discontinued, provide reason.							
201	nefits Avoided)		High									
Lead Agency / Orga	nnization		vsander Codes, Planning, ning Department		oorting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	N/	'A					
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap					N/A							
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Fund Source	ing	General Fund (Staff Time)							
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Det	ails								



Mitigation Action	Develop, enh	Develop, enhance, and maintain mutual aid agreements with surrounding municipalities and counties.										
Action Number	TL	Y-7	Goal(s) Addressed			1, 5, 6	Prioritization Score	15/15				
Year Added to Plan	20	13		meline timated)		Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High				
Hazard(s)	Mitigated		Drought,	Drought, Earthquake, Heat Wave/Extreme Heat, Flood, Geological Hazards, Harmful Algal Bloom, Invasive Species and Infestation, Severe Weather, Winter Weather, Wildfire								
Projec	t Status		Con	ntinuous	If Discontinued, provide reason. N/A			/A				
201	nefits Avoided)		High									
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Town of	Lysander Town Board Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)			rganization	N	/A				
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap						N/A						
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Po	otential Fundi Source	ing	General Fund (Staff Time)						
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Details (optional)									



Mitigation Action		stormwater drainage system within the Indian Springs residential development for efficient collection and conveyance of surface ff and private sump pump discharges along Connell Terrace, Mott Road Exeter Drive, and Eaden Lane.									
Action Number	TL	Y-8	Goal(s) Addressed		1, 3, 5, 6	Prioritization Score	N/A				
Year Added to Plan	20	13	Timeline (estimated)		N/A	Implementation Priority	N/A				
Hazard(s)	Mitigated				Flood, Sev	ere Weather					
Projec	t Status		Complete	If Di.	scontinued, provide reason.	N/A					
	nefits Avoided)		N/A								
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Department,	f Lysander Highway Town of Lysander Codes, g, Zoning Department		Onondaga County Department of Water Environment (If applicable) Onondaga County Department of Water Environment (If applicable)						
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap.					N/A						
Estimated Co	ost	N/A	Potential Fund Source	ing		N/A					
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		N/A	Additional Det	ails	N/A						



Mitigation Action	numbers of f	mitigation workshop targeting those communities with Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss properties, and significant f flood vulnerable properties. This community outreach will increase awareness of flood risks within the Town, provide greater of safety measures to implement, and available flood insurance programs.									
Action Number	TL	Y-9	Goal(s) Addressed		1, 2, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	14/15				
Year Added to Plan	20	13	Timeline (estimated)		2 Years	Implementation Priority	High				
Hazard(s)	Mitigated				Flo	ood					
Projec	t Status		No Progress/Not Yet Started	If Dis	f <i>Discontinued</i> , provide reason.						
201	n efits Avoided)		Low								
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Zoning D	sander Codes, Planning, epartment (Floodplain administrator)	0	orting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	Onondaga County Department of Planning					
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap)					N/A						
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Funding Source General Fund (Staff Time)								
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Det	ails							



Mitigation Action		with property owners in waterfront properties along the Seneca and Oswego rivers to elevate properties and roads. If the most be elevated, the Town will work on identifying possible mitigation measures that can be publicly funded.										
Action Number	TLY	Y-10	Goal(s) Addressed		1	Prioritization Score	11/15					
Year Added to Plan	20	19	Timeline (estimated)		4 to 5 Years Implementation Priority		High					
Hazard(s)	Mitigated				Flo	ood						
Projec		No Progress/Not Yet Started	If Dis	scontinued, provide reason. N/A								
	refits Ivoided)		High									
Lead Agency / Orga	nization		vsander Codes, Planning, ning Department				'A					
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap)					N/A							
Estimated Co	ost	High	Potential Funding Source General Fund (Staff Time), HMGP, BRIC. F									
Critical Facili (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Det (optional)	ails	Waterfront properties along the Seneca and Oswego rivers are low-lying and prone to flooding. During a flood event, roads in this area have to be closed which impacts the accessibility to groceries, health care, and emergency response.							



Mitigation Action		Conduct a tree study within the Town of Lysander to identify all high risk trees and trees impacted by the emerald ash borer; and remove all dentified high risk trees and infected trees.						
Action Number	TLY	Y-11	Goal(s) Addressed		1, 2, 4	Prioritization Score	13/15	
Year Added to Plan	20	19	Timeline (estimated)		3 Years	Implementation Priority	High	
Hazard(s)		Invasive Species and Infestation						
Projec	t Status		No Progress/Not Yet Started	If Dis	scontinued, provide reason.	N/A		
201	nefits Avoided)		Medium					
Lead Agency / Orga	nnization	Town of	Town of Lysander Engineering Department		Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable) N/A			
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap			N/A					
Estimated Co	ost	High	Potential Fund Source	ing	General Fund (Staff Time), HMGP		HMGP	
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		No	Additional Det (optional)	ails				



Mitigation Action		Encourage and support the retrofit of the Phoenix Lock & Dam No. 1 (NID ID: NY00773) to the 500-year flood level by discussing mitigation options with the dam owner.						
Action Number	TLY	<i>Y</i> -12	Goal(s) Addressed		1, 2	Prioritization Score	9/15	
Year Added to Plan	20	19	Timeline (estimated) 3 Years		3 Years	Implementation Priority	Medium	
Hazard(s)		Flood, Severe Weather						
Projec	Project Status			If Di.	reason. N/A			
201	nefits Avoided)		Low					
Lead Agency / Orga	nnization	Zoning D	rsander Codes, Planning, epartment (Floodplain Administrator)		Opporting Agency / Organization (If applicable) New York State Canal Corporation (dam own			
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap	• –		N/A					
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Fund Source	0		General Fund (Staff Time)		
Critical Facil (Critical Facility located in 19		Yes	Additional Det (optional)	ails	The Dam is located within the 100-year floodplain. The Town does not have jurisdiction over the facility.			



Mitigation Action	Encourage and support the retrofit of the Seneca River Fire Station to the 500-year flood level by discussing mitigation options.							
Action Number	TLY	Goal(s) Addressed			1, 2	Prioritization Score	9/15	
Year Added to Plan	20	19	Timeline (estimated)		3 Years	Implementation Medium		
Hazard(s)		Flood, Severe Weather						
Projec	Project Status			If Dis	scontinued, provide reason.	N/A		
	n efits Avoided)		High					
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Zoning D	ysander Codes, Planning, Department (Floodplain Administrator) Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)		Seneca River Fire Department			
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap.			N/A					
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Fund Source	ing	General Fund (Staff Time)			
Critical Facili (Critical Facility located in 19		Yes	Additional Det	ails	The Fire Station is located in the 100-year floodplain. The Town does not have jurisdiction over the facility.			



Mitigation Action	Encourage ar options.	Encourage and support the Village of Baldwinsville to retrofit the OD-1763 Well to the 500-year flood level by discussing mitigation options.						
Action Number	TLY	7-14	Goal(s) Addressed		1, 2	Prioritization Score	9/15	
Year Added to Plan	20	19	Timeline (estimated)	3	3 to 6 Months	Implementation Priority	Medium	
Hazard(s)		Flood, Severe Weather						
Projec	Project Status			If Di	scontinued, provide reason.	N/A		
201	n efits Avoided)		Low					
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Zoning D	rsander Codes, Planning, epartment (Floodplain Administrator) Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable) Village of Baldwinsville				aldwinsville	
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap			N/A					
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Fund Source	ing	General Fund (Staff Time)			
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		Yes	Additional Det (optional)	ails	The well is located in the 100-year floodplain. The Town does not have jurisdiction over the facility.			



Mitigation Action	Encourage ar options.	Encourage and support the Village of Baldwinsville to retrofit the OD-735 Well to the 500-year flood level by discussing mitigation options.						
Action Number	TLY	Goal(s) Addressed			1, 2	Prioritization Score	9/15	
Year Added to Plan	20	19	Timeline (estimated) 3 to 6 Months		Implementation Priority	Medium		
Hazard(s) Mitigated			Flood, Severe Weather					
Projec	Project Status			If Di	scontinued, provide reason.	N/A		
201	n efits Avoided)		Low					
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Zoning D	ysander Codes, Planning, Department (Floodplain Administrator) Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)		Village of Baldwinsville			
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap.			N/A					
Estimated Co	ost	Low	Potential Fund Source	ing		General Fund (Staff Time)		
Critical Facility (Critical Facility located in 19		Yes	Additional Det (optional)	ails	The well is located in the 100-year floodplain. The Town does not have jurisdiction over the facility.			



Mitigation Action		Elevate the control panel and emergency generator at the Timber Banks sanitary sewer lift station to an elevation above Timber Banks Parkway, in order to mitigate the risk of flood damage to the facility.							
Action Number	TLY	7-16	Goal(s) Addressed	-	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Prioritization Score	N/A		
Year Added to Plan	20	25	Timeline (estimated)		N/A	Implementation Priority	N/A		
Hazard(s)		Flood, Severe Weather							
Projec	t Status		Complete	If Dis	scontinued, provide reason.	N/A			
	nefits Avoided)		N/A						
Lead Agency / Orga	nnization	Zoning Do Administra	sander Codes, Planning, epartment (Floodplain tor), Onondaga County t of Water Environment Protection		oorting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	N/A			
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap			N/A						
Estimated Co	ost	N/A	N/A Potential Fund Source		ing N/A				
Critical Facil (Critical Facility located in 19		N/A	Additional Det	ails	N/A				



Mitigation Action	Implement w	Implement water chestnut harvesting and remediation along the Seneca River, Cross Lake, and Oswego River.							
Action Number	TLY	TLY-17		Addressed		1, 4, 5, 6	Prioritization Score	8/15	
Year Added to Plan	20	25	Timeline (estimated)			1 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	Medium	
Hazard(s) Mitigated				Invasive Species and Infestation					
Projec	Project Status			New	If Dis	If Discontinued, provide reason.			
	Benefits (Loss Avoided)			Medium					
Lead Agency / Orga	nization	Town of L	Town of Lysander Town Engine			Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable) Onondaga County Soil & Water Conservation Dis			
Additional Partici Jurisdictions (If ap.			N/A						
Estimated Co	ost	High	High Potential Func		ing	ng General Fund (Staff Time)		ne)	
Critical Facility (Critical Facility)		No	Additional Deta		ails				



APPENDIX A. HAZARD MAPS

The following hazard maps have been generated for the Town of Lysander — [enter hazards here]. These maps are based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this Plan and are considered to be adequate for planning purposes. Maps have only been generated for those hazards that can be clearly identified using mapping techniques and technologies, and for which the Town of Lysander has significant vulnerability.

Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]
Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]
Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]
Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]
Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]
Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]
Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]
Figure #	[Enter map name and description, if applicable]



APPENDIX B. LETTER OF INTENT

Statement of Intent to Participate in the 2024 Onondaga County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan

The purpose of this letter is to establish commitment from, and a cooperative working relationship between, all participating jurisdictions in the development and implementation of the 2024 Onondaga County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP). In addition, the intent of this form is to ensure that the Plan update is developed in accordance with Title 44 of the Federal Code of Regulations Part 201.6; that the planning process is conducted in an open manner involving community stakeholders; that it is consistent with each participating jurisdiction's policies, programs, and authorities; and that it is an accurate reflection of the community's values.

To meet this requirement and to help reduce the loss of life and damage to property in the event of a natural disaster, our municipality intends to participate in a federally funded grant initiative to update the 2024 Onondaga County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan.

We understand that the planning process will include a limited number of meetings and/or calls between Planning Team representatives and representatives from participating municipalities and agencies. The subject of the meeting(s) will be to:

- · Inform participants on the needs and methods for identifying and prioritizing hazards;
- · Share information on hazards affecting local jurisdictions;
- Provide information related to local assets, plans/ordinances, hazard events and damages, new development, etc. within the jurisdiction; and
- Determine possible projects to reduce the impact of future incidents involving hazards which are prerequisites to municipalities later applying for hazard mitigation grant funds.

We recognize the importance of having an updated multi-jurisdictional hazard mitigation plan to help safeguard the lives and property of our citizens and commit to participating in this process with Onondaga County.

Name of Jurisdiction: Town of Lysander

Name of Authorized Representative:

Kevin Rode

Primary Point-of-Contact (POC):

Name: Kevin Rode
Title: Town Supervisor
Department: Administration
Phone Number: 315-857-0281
Email: krode@townoflysander.org

Signature of Authorized Representative:

Secondary Point-of-Contact (POC):

Name: Jeff Kudarauskas

Title: Deputy Town Supervisor

Department: Administration

Phone Number: 315-857-0281

Email: jkudarauskas@townoflysander.org

Please return this form to <u>jefferyharrop@ongov.net</u>, or mail to the Onondaga County Dept. of Planning, 335 Montgomery St, Syracuse, NY 13202. Questions, call Jeff at (315)435-2673.



APPENDIX C. PLAN ADOPTION

[Placeholder for adoption documentation after State and FEMA Approval]