

Public Meetings & Hearings

A Division of New York Department of State

Introduction



Meetings and hearings defined

- Public meeting: the official convening of a public body for the purpose of conducting public business
- Public body: entities consisting of two or more people that conduct public business and perform a governmental function
- Public hearing: an official proceeding of a governmental body or officer during which the public is accorded the right to be heard



Open Meetings Law Public Officers Law Article 7 §100-111



Purpose and intent

- Meetings allow public to listen & observe
- Subject to Open Meetings Law
 - Application review and other board business
 - "Work session" or "agenda meeting"
 - "Site visit" if a quorum has gathered to discuss application
 - Riverkeeper v. The Planning Board of the Town of Somers
- Exempt from Open Meetings Law
 - Soliciting & receiving legal advice from review board's attorney
 - Attorney-client privilege

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Executive session

Valid only for specific reasons under OML

- 1. Public safety
- 2. Protect identity
- 3. Criminal investigations
- 4. Actual litigation
- 5. Collective negotiations
- 6. History of person
- 7. Exams
- 8. Property value





Executive session procedure

- Portion of open meeting from which public may be excluded
- Pass motion to enter into executive session for stated purpose
- Close executive session and return to open meeting
- File minutes of actions taken in executive session within one week



Public Officers Law, Article 7 §105-106



Provide access to public

- General public
 - Not limited to citizenship or residency
- Media





Review board may permit public participation but it is <u>not</u> required



Meeting notice requirements

- Provide notice to press—meeting notices need not be published
- Post notice in conspicuous place
- Post on regularly updated website materials to be discussed in the open meeting
 - Scheduled more than 1 week in advance
 - provide at least 72 hours (3 days) notice
 - Scheduled less than 1 week in advance
 - provide notice to the extent practicable





Disclosure of records

- Make available records scheduled to be discussed during open meetings
 - Application materials
 - Other agenda items (i.e., proposed resolutions)
- Reasonable fee for copies prior to or at meeting, and/or post online prior to meeting
- Committee on Open Government: (518) 474-2518
- Q&A: <u>www.dos.ny.gov/coog/QA-2-12.html</u>

Public Officers Law Article 7 §103(e)





Meeting preparation and procedure

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Applications

- Appoint an administrative official (formally or informally)
 - ZEO, municipal clerk, or board clerk
- Develop good forms
 - Include SEQR Environmental Assessment Form
 - Post on website
- Have clear submission requirements
 - Use a check list or flow chart
- Ensure time periods or deadlines comply with state law and are clear to all parties
 - Institute submission deadlines
- Ask applicant to provide extra copies of materials
 - County review (if required): send immediately
 - Other municipal department heads for recommendations



Organizing meetings

- Prepare agenda
- Confirm that members will attend
- Invite experts and public officials
- Reserve meeting room
- Consider larger spaces for controversial applications
- Arrange for equipment
- Assemble & distribute background material





Quorum & majority

- Number of members present for business to be legally conducted
 - Convening meetings & hearings
 - Voting
- At least a majority of full membership of board
 - Includes absent members and vacant seats
- New York General Construction Law, Article 2 § 41



Avoid quorum troubles

- Be prepared for board member absences
- Consider appointing alternate members
 - Conflict of interest: Adopt provision by local law or ordinance; appoint members by resolution
 - Absences Supersede statute to appoint by local law
 - Legal Memorandum: "Alternate Members of Planning Boards and Zoning Boards of Appeals" <u>www.dos.ny.gov/cnsl/lu06.htm</u>
- Examples available from DOS



Meeting procedures

- Format for meeting or presentations
- Time limits established for agenda items
- Allowance of public questions or comments
- Additional procedures

Make all present aware of rules





Audio & video recording

- Board may adopt procedures for recording that does not detract from the deliberative process
- Should not require permission or advance notice to record
- Absolute ban on recording is not reasonable
- Board member or public reluctance to be recorded is not appropriate reason to prohibit recording







Public hearings



Public hearings

- Required for all matters before a ZBA
- Examples for planning boards include
 - Subdivision
 - Special use permit
 - Preparation of preliminary comprehensive plan
 - Site Plan (if required locally)

An official proceeding of a governmental body or officer during which the public is accorded the right to be heard



When to hold hearing

- When required by state statute, local law, or ordinance
- When application or issue may be controversial
- When substantial conditions may be attached to approval
- When board chooses to do so





Hearing notice requirements

- Open Meetings Law
- Municipal Home Rule Law
- Other applicable state statutes
- Legal notice in official newspaper
 - Generally 5 days prior to hearing date, but may be longer according to other applicable state statutes
 - Example: Adoption of and amendments to village zoning regulations or comprehensive plans require 10 days advance notice

Content of notice:

- Date, time & place
- Nature of proposed action
- Location of subject property, if applicable



Hearing notice requirements

- Must mail notice to:
 - Applicant
 - Regional state park commission, if 500' from state park or parkway (ZBAs only)
 - Other agencies, if applicable:
 - GML §239-m & GML §239-nn
- No state statutes require direct mailing of notices to adjoining neighbors

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING Notice is hereby given that the Town of Broome Planning Board will hold a public hearing at their regular meeting on February 27, 2012, at the Town Hall on Route 145 north of Livingstonville at 7pm on the following proposal: A 6-parcel subdivision by the Gross Brothers of their property on Zach Hill Road. At this meeting, all interested persons heard. shall Ъе By Order of George Chichester **Planning Board** Chairperson Feb22c5

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Hearing notice requirements

- Municipalities may adopt additional local noticing requirements:
 - Signs on application property
 - best practice
 - Mailings to neighbors
 - Municipal ListServ
- Longer or shorter noticing requirements for adopting local laws





Hearing procedures

- Applicant's role at hearing
- Handling questions from public
 - Registration
 - Order of speakers
 - Time allotted per speaker
- Consequences for disruptive audience members
- Recording sessions

Outline "Rules of Procedure" to maintain order





Hearing tips

- Suggest speakers identify themselves
- Beware of rustling paper or chatter near sensitive microphones
- Clarify to whom speaker is referring
- Require visual references to be described or "read" into the record
- Let the public know what's next





Closing the hearing

- Hearing usually over when all who wished to speak were heard
- After hearing closed, board may keep RECORD open to accept written comments

THE R.I. WAS A LENGTHY AND THOROUGH PROCESS. I SUPPORT AN OFF-SITE SOUD WASTE DISPOSAL OPTION; THE MOST ECONOMICAL OPTION SHOULD BE CHOSEN.

THE PROCESS HAS TEDIOUS AND PAINSTAKINGLY THOROUGH, BUT FINAL REMEDIATION SHOULD BE A SIGNIFICANT AND POSITIVE

IMPROVEMENT FOR THE CAMPU STUDENTS, AND THE ENTIRE REC COMMUNITY.



NEW YORK

Adjournment and continuation

- If board adjourns to UNSPECIFIED TIME and PLACE, then notice must be given in same manner as original notice
- If PRIOR to ADJOURNING, board ANNOUNCES time and place of continuing session, then public notice need not be given again









Minutes are a record

- Make available to public
 - Regular meetings within two weeks
 - Executive sessions within one week
- NYS Archives Records Retention Schedule
 - Official minutes permanently
 - Hearing proceedings permanently
 - Recordings four months after transcription or approval of minutes/proceedings



Minutes

Meetings	Hearings
 List of motions made Votes taken on those motions 	 At least a general summary of views expressed Does not have to be verbatim Stenographer not required Names of speakers

If tape recording, also take notes



Decision document

- Decision
 - Date action taken
 - Motion
 - Vote cast by each board member
 - Any conditions imposed
- Locally establish what constitutes "decision document"
 - Resolution
 - Findings statement which includes decision
 - Copy of applicant's decision letter
 - Minutes which indicate vote on relevant motion



Noticing and filing decisions

- Attach findings to decision
- Notify applicant by mail
- Send county "report of final action," if referred
- File with municipal clerk within 5 business days
 - Clerk should date stamp all records
 - Filing establishes start of 30 day period for appeal to NYS Supreme Court under Article 78 of NY Civil Practice Law & Rules



New York Department of State

- (518) 473-3355 Division of Local Government
- (518) 474-6740 Counsel's Office
- (800) 367-8488 Toll Free
- Email: <u>localgov@dos.ny.gov</u> Website: <u>www.dos.ny.gov</u> <u>www.dos.ny.gov/lg/index.html</u>

