

2012 ANNUAL REPORT

ORGANIZATION

The Onondaga County Board of Elections is a County Office, responsible for all Federal, State, County, City and Town elections, along with the Villages of Camillus, Manlius and North Syracuse. Under present law, all villages (except Camillus, Manlius and North Syracuse) and school district elections, as well as fire, water and other special district elections, do not fall under the jurisdiction of the Board of Elections at this time.

The structure, responsibilities and duties of the Board are set forth in the New York State Election Law. Formal Board meetings and documentation of actions, discussion and decisions are being maintained.

The Board of Elections offices were relocated from downtown Syracuse to 1000 Erie Blvd West, Syracuse, New York. Our Thompson Road Service Center moved to this location in late July and our offices moved in late September.

PERSONNEL AND BUDGET

In keeping with state mandate, two Commissioners, one Republican and one Democrat administer the Board of Elections. The Commissioners are recommended by their respective County committees and appointed by the County Legislature every 2 years. The Board had 16 full time positions.

Both Commissioners' terms ended on December 31, 2012.

2012 was a Presidential election year. In addition to the President/Vice President; a Congressman, US Senator, 2 State Senators, 5 Members of Assembly, County Court Judge, Family Court Judge, County Clerk, City Court Judge, Commissioner of Education and 9 Town Offices, and a Village Trustee.

The Board of Elections is funded solely by the County of Onondaga. The 2012 budget as modified (BAM) include the following:

Total 2012 Budget

Total County Budget	\$ 3,270,140
Salaries (full time)	\$ 777,818
Salaries*(temporary)	\$ 505,648

(*includes temporary clerks, election inspectors, voting machine technicians, training consultants)

ELECTION COST

Onondaga County is responsible for paying all election costs. These costs include storing, transporting and maintaining the Imagecast machines, paying machine technicians and election inspectors.

The County Board of Elections reviews all polling places for use and accessibility and tests and certifies all voting machines in Onondaga County. There are **275** Imagecast voting machines and **25** Imagecast scanners only voting machines in Onondaga County.

There were no county election charge backs to municipalities for 2012. HAVA will have some one time reimbursements that will require future annual operating expenditures. HAVA requires the county to maintain a pre-HAVA level of expenditures. We are required to follow Federal and NYS contract processes for the purchases most related to the new voting systems.

ELECTION DISTRICTS

In 2012, there were **433** Election Districts in Onondaga County. Six (**6**) of these were non-working districts. There is an average registration of **660** voters in each district. In 2012, the smallest districts contained **3** voters (City 5-2 and 11-9) and the largest had an enrollment of **1,279** voters (Clay 15).

POLLING PLACES

There were **175** polling sites in Onondaga County in 2012 before redistricting. After redistricting, there were **171** polling sites. All polling places in Onondaga County sign a five (5) year lease.

The polling place diagrams developed in 2011 were revised based on reporting from technician staff and Election Day workers. In addition most plans were expanded to provide more equipment for the larger turnout in a Presidential Election. There were 21 locations identified and were approached by machine technicians requesting additional floor space for the Presidential Election. After revisiting these locations and meeting with the Commissioners, 17 were able to accommodate the Board's request.

The addition of a Federal Primary in late June displaced a number of voting locations due to schedule conflicts with summer recreation/education programs held at the polling locations.

The Funds Program for HAVA Polling Place Access improvement was utilized during the year to make 6 sites entryways fully compliant. Also, 2 polling places had parking areas properly designated for persons with special needs, and a paving project for the voters' route into the polling place was completed, as well. Total investment \$13,404.

REDISTRICTING

The Congressional , State Senate and State Assembly Districts were redistricted in New York State in 2012 based on the 2010 Census. After reviewing the impact on existing Election Districts in Onondaga County we realigned Election District boundaries in 17 of the towns and 17 of the city wards. Our goal was to create districts in each Town and Ward that were balanced in size. In many cases in the City Wards we were forced to create Election Districts that had less than 100 voters. These districts were unable to be attached to anything near them either because they were in different political subdivisions or Wards. Also in the Towns, we wanted to make sure each village was wholly contained in its own Election Districts.

VOTING MACHINES TECHNICIANS/CUSTODIANS

Two (2) full time Onondaga County Voting Machine Custodians are responsible for maintaining, testing, and preparing the Imagecast voting systems for each election site within Onondaga County with the assistance of centralized voting machine technicians.

The State mandates quarterly testing of the Imagecast voting system. It takes a bipartism team approximately 1 hour per machine. This testing is done to ensure that the machines are functioning properly. There were (0) upgrades to the voting machines in 2012.

We are required to perform a process called pre-lat. This process requires the creation of a test deck, which requires someone to vote each position on the ballot and requires them to use all disability apparatus. Six seals are attached to each machine and their numbers are recorded on the Statement of Canvass sheet. The machines are packaged for delivery to the polling places. This also had to be done with a bipartisan team and took nearly 1½ hours per machine.

In 2012, there were 22 additional voting machine technicians in Onondaga County. Voting Machine technicians are appointed by the Board of Elections each year. In 2012, the voting machine technician rate of pay was \$21.50 an hour.

All 22 technicians were trained on the operations and troubleshooting for the Imagecast voting machines. They also attended hands on training class for inspectors. Our two full time machine technicians however, did provide field support for all the voting system.

Temporary fixes were again used to bring Onondaga County polling places into compliance with the Federal Help Americans Vote Act. The technicians were successful at setting up and taking down the temporary fixes in a 48 hour time frame around each election day. Some machine technicians were given extra help setting up their polling sites for the General Election this year.

The number of machines used for each election in 2012 was as follows:

<u>ELECTION</u>	<u>IMAGECAST VOTING SYSTEMS</u>
Presidential Primary April 24 th	175
Federal Primary June 26 th	174
Primary September 13 th	4
General November 6 th	228

Additional spare Imagecast voting systems were prepared in case of breakdowns before each election.

ELECTION INSPECTORS

The election inspector program continues to be structured as follows:

Polling Site Manager – PSM

Voting System Specialist – VSS

Regular Inspector – RI

A. Polling Site Managers are responsible for assigning work to all the inspectors at the site, making sure the voting system specialists have the machine up and running, directing voters to the correct election district and returning the ballots, memory cards and supplies to the designated site after the close of the polls. They can also fill in for a regular inspector when needed

B. Voting System Specialists are responsible for opening and running the voting machine during the hours of voting. They can also fill in for a regular inspector when needed

C. Regular Inspectors are responsible for processing the voters and ballot distribution.

New York State Law requires county boards to conduct annual mandatory “hands on” training sessions for all poll workers with an exam. Poll workers are paid for their election duties by the county at a rate approved by the county legislature. Polling Site Managers were paid \$245 for a General Election; Voting System Specialists were paid \$210 and a Regular Inspector were paid \$170 for the day. PSM and VSS are asked to report to work at 5AM to get the site opened and the voting machine ready for 6AM. Regular inspectors still report to work at 5:30AM.

Only NEW Poll Site Managers and Voting System Specialists received a second training on the machines which provides them the training to be able to fix most problems that may occur during the day. They must also be willing to work anywhere in Onondaga County. An open house was held on the Saturday before the General Election at our training center for all Election Inspectors as a refresher. The session lasted 3 hours and approximately 77 people voluntarily attended. Those who attended were not compensated.

Our board continues its working relationship with Onondaga Community College (OCC) for inspectors. To get young people interested in the election process, we worked with OCC and the Political Science Department to make the election process part of the accreditation of the course assignment. If the student did not complete this assignment, he did not receive the credit. In 2012, 63 students attended one of three different classes.

Our staff scheduled 93 Hands-On training classes for returning inspectors. An additional 10 classes were scheduled in August and September for people interested in becoming election inspectors, and 4 classes were scheduled for people interested in becoming machine certified. Each class lasted 3 hours.

A total of 1,609 election inspectors attended the hands on training. Only 4 inspectors failed the test. The training included the actually handling of all the paperwork used at a polling place during an election. Each inspector was also shown, as part of their training, how to open and close the Imagecast voting machine. Election Inspectors are paid \$25 per training session each year.

BALLOT ACCESS

Certain towns hold caucuses to select their candidates, but most candidates are required to file petitions to seek public office. All petitions for candidates for public office or party position, entirely within Onondaga County, are filed with this Board. Anyone seeking an office that crosses county lines is required to file in Albany at the New York State Board of Elections.

In 2012, candidates for public office filed **40** party designating petitions and **1,067** party position petitions. Each petition is logged in by Board staff and each candidate for public office is notified in writing that a petition has been filed on his/her behalf and the candidate is given an opportunity to accept or decline the designation or nomination. Any objections to the designation of a candidate are filed with the Board and ruled upon by the Commissioners. In 2012, there were 4 challenges to designating petitions filed. The Board received specifications on (1) of the challenges. There were no Opportunity to Ballot petitions filed. Candidates desiring to run on an independent line are required to file independent nominating petitions. In 2012, **(1)** independent nominating petitions were filed. There were (0) challenges to these petitions. Additionally, **(4)** Certificates of Nomination were filed. There were **(0)** challenges with specifications filed on the certificates.

There were a total of (0) candidates removed from the ballot because they failed to file their acceptance form, (0) candidates removed because they did not receive the party authorization and (3) candidates because they lost the September Primary Election.

Party authorizations are filed for candidates who are not members of a Party for which the candidate wants that Party endorsement/line. Party authorizations were filed for the following (0) Democrats; (0) Republican, (5) Conservatives, (15) Independence, (8) Working Families authorizations were filed.

IMAGECAST BALLOT PRINTING

In 2012, our office, County Print Shop and the IT Department worked hand in hand to allow the Board to print the stubbed ballots in house. Ballots used in the ICP's are required to be bound and have a numbered stub.

Having the Print Shop do our ballot printing instead of an outside vendor continues to save our department thousands of dollars

Ballots Printed in 2012:

	# of styles	Total
Presidential Primary (REP)	175	28,500
Federal Primary (REP)	174	9,200
September (Local) Primary (REP)	5	850
(CON)	4	200
(IND)	4	200
General Election	451	190,900

VOTER REGISTRATION

The qualifications for voting in New York State are as follows: 18 years of age by Election Day, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the State and County for 30 days prior to election. Residents of the County are allowed to register up to 25 days prior to an election during the year.

1255 voter registration forms were delivered to the Office of the Board of Elections in person.

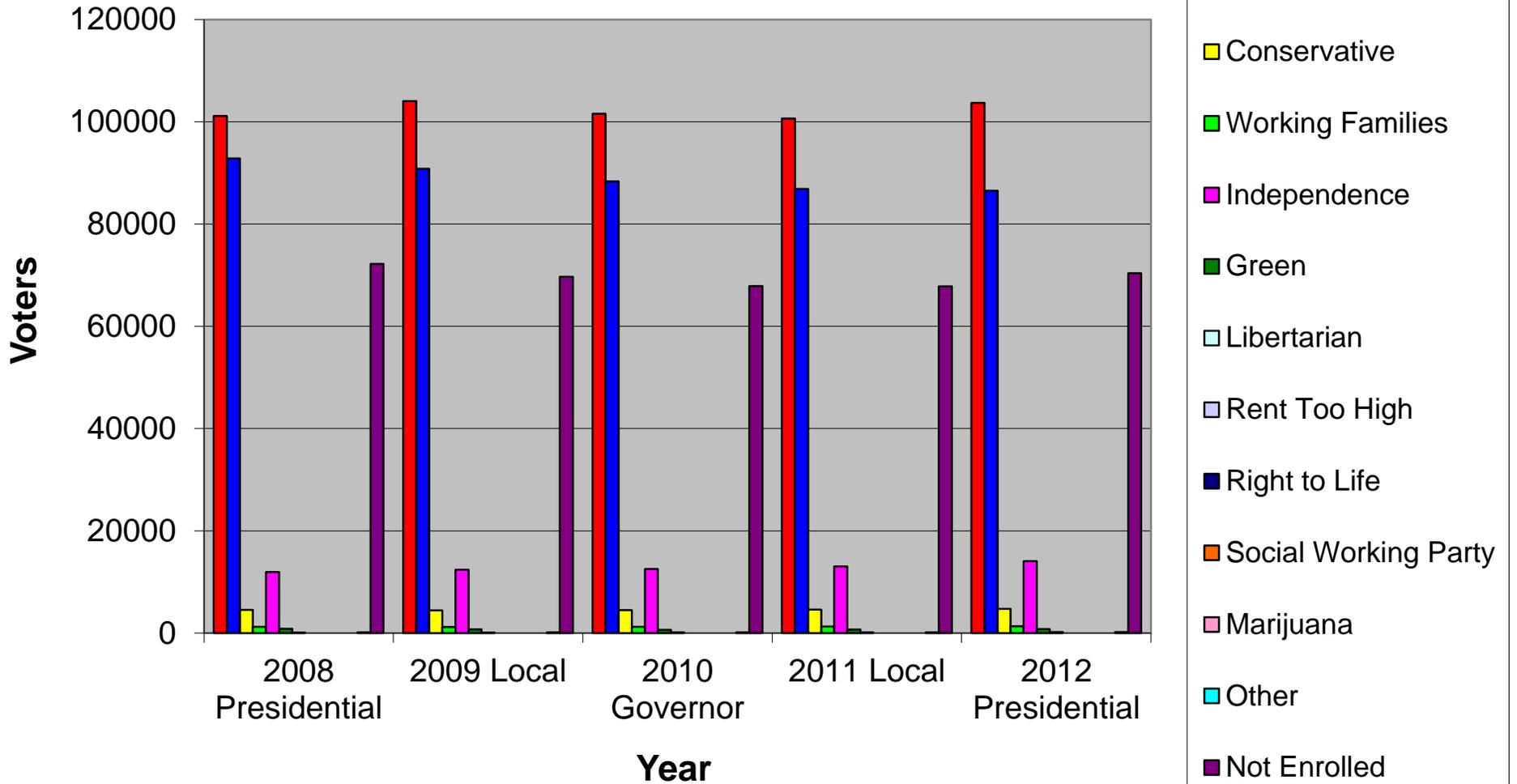
Six (6) temporary staff were hired to help our staff process all the voter registration applications received in our office for the Primary and General Elections. Our regular staff could not keep up with the incoming mail received daily. The temporary staff helped absentee applications and mailings, scanning/indexing and cropping of all documents received, registering voter registration forms, answering phone calls from voters or any job that needed to be completed this year's election cycle.

308,502 (**Active/Inactive**) residents of Onondaga County were registered to vote for the 2012 General Election. This number includes **26,702** inactive voters. Under the National Voter Registration Act [NVRA] a voter must be made inactive if mail sent to them is returned as undeliverable. If they remain inactive for 2 successive Federal elections, their registration will be canceled. Voters can activate themselves by voting, signing a petition or notifying the Board that they still reside at the address indicated in the Board's files.

The Board processed **35,777** registration application forms during the year. This number includes **13,617** mail registration applications and **8,307** applications received over the counter through registration drives or other types of resources. Not all of these registrations were new voters. Many of them moved from one part of Onondaga County to another.

Pursuant to the federal court decision in the Green Party case of 2005, local election boards are mandated to keep enrollment numbers for the following groups/independent bodies until 2014: Libertarian, Freedom, Taxpayers, Antiprohibition and Rent Too High Party. These are independent bodies which had gubernatorial candidates on the November ballot in 2010. These independent bodies are treated as though they are recognized parties for enrollment purposes only. In 2012, there were a total of **758** Green, **173** Libertarian, **0** Freedom, **0** Rent Too High and **188** other parties. (See chart #1)

Enrollment Numbers - Onondaga County



VOTER REGISTRATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

Our Commissioners reviewed the election process with some groups during the year. They included students in the Syracuse University Newhouse School, International Journalists, Foundation Transition Program at Onondaga Community College Centerstate CEO Leadership Services, NAACP and the International Visitor Leadership Program. The Board of Elections is often asked to speak at high schools and community meetings on such topics as the importance of voting; registering to vote; organizing a registration drive; and voting procedures.

Our staff demonstrated the Imagecast Voting System at ARC of Onondaga, Onondaga Community College, the Juneteenth festival and several disabled groups (Aurora of CNY and ARISE).

In 2012, **12,125** registration forms were distributed to the high schools, town and village offices, various libraries and post office branches. An additional **6,845** voter registration forms were distributed to various other groups along with **491** forms mailed out to individuals upon request.

The following is a partial listing of the many diverse groups that organized registration drives:

Colleges and most area High Schools

Syracuse University, Syracuse University Alpha Fraternity, SUNY ESF, Onondaga Community College, Lemoyne College, OCM BOCES, Bryant & Stratton, NYPIRG, Henninger High School and Bishop Ludden Jr/Sr High School..

Professional Associations & Labor Unions

IBEW Local 43, Teamsters Local 317, SEIU 1199, SEIU 200,N Syracuse Teacher's Association, CSEA

Human Services, Community, & Neighborhood Organizations

The League of Women Voters, Organization For America; NAACP, ARISE, Southside Homeowners, Citizen Action, Empower Youth, Southwest Community Center, Translational Living Services, Syracuse Community Mother's Against Gun Violence and various church groups.

As registration deadlines approached, press releases were faxed to all area media in August, September and October. General information faxes were also sent to local media as Election Days grew nearer informing the general public of polling hours, polling places, and phone numbers to call for questions. Public access television stations and a number of radio stations agreed to regularly broadcast registration deadlines and phone numbers at the Board of Elections to call for more information. Registration deadlines and mail registration forms were posted on our website for voters to access.

Currently, about **81%** of approximately **350,000** eligible voters (citizens' 18 years and over) are registered to vote in Onondaga County.

MAIL CHECK CARDS

Each year the Board is required to send a notice to each voter to determine if they still reside at the same address as in our files. The card also contains information that can be useful to the voter, including polling place location, dates and times for primary and general elections and information about registration and absentee voting. In 2012, **269,524** mail check cards were mailed out in late July. Of those cards, **14,688** were returned to the Board as moves within the county, moves outside of the county/state, undeliverable, post office boxes, left no forwarding address, etc. A number of these voters use post offices boxes and have not moved. The Board again used NTS Data Services to process our mail check cards.

Due to 2012 being a Presidential election year, all in-county address changes were not processed before the general election.

ABSENTEE VOTING

Registered voters who will be outside of Onondaga County on Election Day and those who are physically unable to appear at the polls are eligible to receive absentee ballots. There are several types of absentee voters:

- A. MILITARY**--Members of the Armed Forces and their dependents.
- B. REGULAR**--Voters who are out of the county or ill on Election Day or Primary Day.
- C. PERMANENTLY DISABLED**--These voters are on a permanent list and receive a ballot for each election.
- D. SPECIAL BALLOT** - For those who are unable to vote in person due to Religious Scruples, Duties for the Board of Elections or a Victim of Domestic Violence
- E. SPECIAL FEDERAL**--American citizens living abroad whose last address in the states was in Onondaga County. This ballot only contains Federal offices.
- F. SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL** – This ballot for the office of President and Vice-President is available only to registered voters in Onondaga County who move to another jurisdiction and do not meet residency requirements to register to vote, or who move within Onondaga County within ten days to the General Election.

In 2012 the numbers of absentees processed are as follows:

TYPE OF ABSENTEE	ELECTION DATE					Nov 6 th ALL (GE)	(GS)
	April 24 th REP	June 26 th REP	Sept 13 th REP CON IND				
<u>Military</u>							
<i>Mailed</i>	111	112	5	0	0	492	491
<i>Returned</i>	52	17	3	0	0	345	221
<u>Regular</u>							
<i>Mailed</i>	220	38	21	1	0	9,498	
<i>Returned</i>	170	20	19	1	0	8,473	
<u>Permanent Disabled</u>							
<i>Mailed</i>	907	909	6	2	1	2,866	
<i>Returned</i>	446	316	3	2	0	2,378	
<u>Special Ballot</u>							
<i>Mailed</i>	213	256	2	0	0	1,081	
<i>Returned</i>	164	175	2	0	0	881	
<u>Special Federal</u>							
<i>Mailed</i>	71	72	0	0	0	597	
<i>Returned</i>	44	22	0	0	0	490	
<u>Special Presidential</u>							
<i>Mailed</i>						22	
<i>Returned</i>						19	
<u>TOTAL</u>							
<i>Mailed</i>	1,522	1,387	34	3	1	14,556	491
<i>Returned</i>	876	550	27	3	0	12,586	221

The total number of voters that voted in person at their polling place that had returned an absentee ballot to our office in 2012 was: (2) Presidential Primary; (0) Federal Primary; (0) September Primary; and (23) General Election.

ABSENTEE VOTING – con't

In 2012, the Board of Elections hand delivered ballots to nursing homes with more than five residents voting absentee. The ballots are delivered and voted under supervision of a bipartisan team from the Board. During the April Presidential Primary, 8 nursing homes were visited for a total of 113 ballots, June Federal Primary, 9 nursing homes were visited for a total of 128 ballots processed, the September Primary Election, there were no nursing home was visited and in the General Election, 14 nursing homes were visited with a total of 466 ballots processed. Nineteen (19) different ballots styles were used in the General Election for absentee voting.

MOVE ACT OF 2009

The Military Overseas Voters Empowerment Act requires that counties make official ballot materials available electronically to military and overseas voters who request it. The State Board hired a vendor (Scytl USA) to establish a program on a secured site (www.secureballotusa.com/NY) for military and federal voters.

In 2012, only (190) military voters used the email ballot from this site. Improvements in 2013 will be more productive for the Military and Federal voters.

Under a court order, the Federal Primary was moved to April 24th. The local Primary was on September 13th. The MOVE Act required us to mail Military and Overseas Federal Ballots at least 45 days before the General Election. The local primary results were not certified in time. Boards of Elections were required to mail two ballots to every military voter. The Federal Ballot was mailed out 45 days before the election and the local ballot was sent out later.

PAPER BALLOT COUNTING

The Board counts all non-stubbed paper ballots centrally using a Sequoia Voting System optical scanner and ballot tabulating machines. The electronic absentee counting system greatly enhances and expedites our recanvass procedures. This machine counts absentees and affidavits paper ballots. Candidates receive their official vote tally earlier and this office can certify election results with the State Board of Elections prior to the deadline.

We are still waiting for the Dominion Absentee Counting System to be certified by the State Board of Elections. We hope to replace our current system with this one by the 2013 general election.

AFFIDAVIT VOTING

Registered voters who move within Onondaga County remain registered and can vote at their new polling place on election day by affidavit ballot. In 2012, we processed:

	Processed	Valid
Presidential Primary (4/24/12)	29	12
Federal Primary (6/26/12)	16	9
September Primary (9/13/12)	2	1
General Election (11/6/12)	5,112	3,602

COURT ORDERS

Voters who failed to register in time for the primary or general elections can obtain a court order. Our office had lawyers from the Democratic and Republican parties available at the Board of Elections to assist voters in completing the necessary forms to present to the Supreme Court Judges on Election Day. There were:

	Processed	Denied
Presidential Primary (4/24/12)	0	0
Federal Primary (6/26/12)	1	0
September Primary (9/13/12)	0	0
General Election (11/6/12)	321	1

After obtaining a court order, a voter is allowed to vote on the machine in their home election district.

ELECTION RESULTS

With the county now using the Imagecast voting system, many changes had to happen to receive the election results in a timely manner. Election Central was no longer needed since the Imagecast machine is equipped with a thermal tape with the election results for that polling site. Also, each voting machine has a poll worker/administrative memory card with the election results saved on it. NYS Regulation 6210 states that all poll worker/administrative memory cards must be secured at the close of polls.

After careful thought, the Commissioners decided that we needed to have Memory Card Runners on election night to go and retrieve the poll worker memory cards at all of the town polling sites. A total of **43** memory card routes were mapped out by the Commissioners. Election runners were paid \$35 per route plus mileage. All runners were to be at their first polling site at 9PM. The City of Syracuse polling sites were directed to return their poll worker memory cards with their supplies on election night. All memory cards were returned on election night by 10:30 PM.

The memory cards were read on the Election Management System (EMS). Once read the system provides the public, candidates, and the media with quick and accurate unofficial results on our website. Results are available within minutes of the memory cards being delivered to the Thompson Road site.

The Board requires Inspectors to return their supplies on election night. City inspectors are required to deliver their supplies directly to the Board of Elections Office located at 1000 Erie Blvd W, Syracuse. The town inspectors, however, return the black suitcases containing all the ballots and election materials to their designated areas for pickup by a trucker or machine technician for return to the Board of Elections Office. This method provides increased security for elections materials and also prevents a last minute scramble if the Board receives a Court Order to secure election materials.

CANVASS OF RESULTS

All Imagecast voting machines are recanvassed at the Board of Elections Office once all the machines have been picked up and returned. This process is completed within one day. The administrative memory cards are removed from the machines and read by the EMS. Results are then compared to the poll worker memory cards from election night.

The Commissioners oversee the counting of absentee, affidavit and military ballots. They are responsible for ruling on any questionable ballot. According to New York State Election Law, Section 10-114 increased the time for military ballots to be received at a Board of Elections from 7 days to 13 days after a General Election. Absentee ballots are not counted on election night after the polls close. All paper ballots were inspected and scanned with appropriate headers and end sheets. After all paper ballots were scanned, a final summary report was generated. The results were then downloaded and merged with the voting machine totals.

The paper ballot and machine results are merged and entered directly on the computer terminal. Board personnel then verify all entries. The official canvass is certified by the Commissioners and forwarded to the State Board of Elections. Bound copies of this document are printed in February and distributed to candidates and other interested parties upon request.

VOTER PARTICIPATION--2012

	<u>NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE VOTER'S</u>	<u>NUMBER VOTING</u>	<u>TURNOUT %</u>
April 24th Presidential Primary			
REP President of the United States	85,348	7487	9%
June 26th Federal Primary			
REP US Senator	85,322	4105	5%
Sept. 13th Primary:			
REP Town of Pompey	2,027	525	26%
Nov.6th General Election:			
All Parties	281,800	206,416	73%

3% AUDIT

The 3% audit was done for the Primary and General Elections for the total number of voting machines used during the elections. Using software from RANDOM.org, a draw is made at 9PM on election night of the voting system to determine which machines will be audited. It took 6 staff members 10 days to complete the audit on 7 voting machines that contained 17 election districts.

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

New York State Election Law requires all state and local candidates and committees to file electronically with the State Board of Elections. Candidates for Federal offices file with the Federal Election Commission, Washington, D.C. Local filers who do not intend to raise or spend over \$1,000 are still required to file with our office.

Financial Disclosure training for treasurers and candidates was presented by the New York State Board of Elections on May 9th the Board of Elections office, 1000 Erie Blvd W, Syracuse, New York.

WEB SITE

The Board of Election's web site, which was launched in 2000, continues to thrive.

The Board and the County's Web Site Administrators continue to jointly revise the website to improve navigational ease for the end user.

Our website has seen increased usage following the addition of pages and content for:

- Public Notices
- Press Releases
- Election Inspector Training Materials
- Frequently Asked Questions
- Clickable button directing voters to the Election Results
- Clickable button directing voters to education on voting machines sponsored by the State Board of Elections (VoteNY.Com)
- Clickable button for Military and Overseas Voters (MOVE ACT) providing them with on-line ballot access

As we enter a new year we are looking into entering the social media era.

The polling place locator feature is now updated as frequently as necessary through the updated web table builder from the vendor.

Following the redistricting updated maps for Wards and Towns were placed on the Map Page along with updated maps for the various Legislative Districts.

We continue to place an emphasis on educating the public as to those services available through the internet, and the ease in obtaining necessary forms and instructions. Callers continue to be informed of their options when requesting forms.

LONG RANGE GOALS

We will be enhancing our voter registration system to allow us to go paperless. The NTS software called "ScanFlow" will be installed in 2013. This software will streamline the processing of voter registration and absentee ballot applications.

We will be receiving a new central count absentee scanner from Dominion. Dominion is replacing our current absentee central count system at no charge to the county. The new system will eliminate the need to enter candidate data for the absentee system because it will interface with the Dominion Election Management Software. We will also see a savings in our absentee printing costs. Once we receive the new system, the county print shop will be able to print our absentees.

Electronic Poll Books may become a necessity if early voting becomes a reality. Electronic Poll Books would allow us to track who has voted at each poll site. The systems we have had demonstrated to our Board rely on WiFi being available in poll sites. We have discovered that most of our sites do not have WiFi. We are looking for a vendor that has 3G capability. We would be able to use our HAVA money to purchase this system.

We would like to increase our presence on social media. By taking advantage of the popularity of platforms such as Facebook and Twitter, we can better inform the public of various deadlines. The voters and future voters can be informed of registration and absentee ballot deadlines. Candidates and party committees will be reminded of deadlines for petitions and financial disclosures. By increasing our social media footprint, we hope to give better access the citizens of Onondaga County.

We would like to encourage the villages of Onondaga County to either have the Board of Elections administer their village elections, or preferably to move their elections to November. Of the 15 villages in Onondaga County, 4 currently have the Board of Elections administer their election, while only 1 has a November election. If the villages adopt our proposal they will save in costs associated with running their election as well as possibly seeing a greater turnout in their elections. In anticipation of many of the villages seeing a significant increase in costs at the end of 2014 with the anticipated move to optical scan machines, we hope by encouraging the villages to move their elections this year we can make that transition as seamless as possible.

The machine technician's long term goal for 2013 is to successfully upgrade the EMS systems and all ImageCast systems with the latest, certified version of software. The technician's will also be spending time with the seasonal custodians and Board of Election's staff to acclimate them with to the changes on the ImageCast systems. They will aide in updating any training material concerning the ImageCast systems.